General Description

The LM2936 ultra-low quiescent current regulator features low dropout voltage and low current in the standby mode. With less than 15 µA quiescent current at a 100 µA load, the LM2936 is ideally suited for automotive and other battery operated systems. The LM2936 retains all of the features that are common to low dropout regulators including a low dropout PNP pass device, short circuit protection, reverse battery protection, and thermal shutdown. The LM2936 has a 40V maximum operating voltage limit, a −40˚C to +125˚C operating temperature range, and ±3% output voltage tolerance over the entire output current, input voltage, and temperature range. The LM2936 is available in a TO-92 package, a SO-8 surface mount package, and a TO-252 surface mount power package.

Features

- Ultra low quiescent current (I_Q ≤ 15 µA for I_O ≤ 100 µA)
- Fixed 5V, 50 mA output
- Output tolerance ±3% over line, load, and temperature
- Dropout voltage typically 200 mV @ I_O = 50 mA
- Reverse battery protection
- −50V reverse transient protection
- Internal short circuit current limit
- Internal thermal shutdown protection
- 40V operating voltage limit

Typical Application

![Connection Diagrams](DS09759-1.png)

* Required if regulator is located more than 2” from power supply filter capacitor.

** Required for stability. Must be rated for 10 µF minimum over intended operating temperature range. Effective series resistance (ESR) is critical, see curve. Locate capacitor as close as possible to the regulator output and ground pins. Capacitance may be increased without bound.

Connection Diagrams

TO-252

![TO-252 Diagram](DS09759-25.png)

Top View
Order Number LM2936DT-5.0
See NS Package Number TD03B

SOT-223

![SOT-223 Diagram](DS09759-26.png)

Top View
Order Number LM2936MP-5.0
See NS Package Number MA04A
Connection Diagrams (Continued)

8-Pin SO (M)

Top View
Order Number LM2936M-5.0
See NS Package Number M08A

Bottom View
Order Number LM2936Z-5.0
See NS Package Number Z03A
Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

- Input Voltage (Survival) +60V, −50V
- ESD Susceptibility (Note 2) 2000V
- Power Dissipation (Note 3) Internally limited
- Junction Temperature (T_{j,max}) 150˚C
- Storage Temperature Range −65˚C to +150˚C
- Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) 260˚C

Operating Ratings

- Operating Temperature Range −40˚C to +125˚C
- Maximum Input Voltage (Operational) 40V

Electrical Characteristics

V_{IN} = 14V, I_{O} = 10 mA, T_{j} = 25˚C, unless otherwise specified. **Boldface** limits apply over entire operating temperature range.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Typical (Note 4)</th>
<th>Tested Limit (Note 5)</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output Voltage</td>
<td>5.5V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 26V,  I_{O} ≤ 50 mA (Note 6)</td>
<td>4.85</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>V_{min}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5.15</td>
<td>V_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiescent Current</td>
<td>I_{O} = 100 μA, 8V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 24V</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>μA_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I_{O} = 10 mA, 8V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 24V</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>mA_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I_{O} = 50 mA, 8V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 24V</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>mA_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Regulation</td>
<td>9V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 16V</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>mV_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 40V, I_{O} = 1 mA</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>mV_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load Regulation</td>
<td>100 μA ≤ I_{O} ≤ 5 mA</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>mV_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 mA ≤ I_{O} ≤ 50 mA</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>mV_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropout Voltage</td>
<td>I_{O} = 100 μA</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.10</td>
<td>V_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I_{O} = 50 mA</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>V_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short Circuit Current</td>
<td>V_{O} = 0V</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>mA_{min}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>250</td>
<td>mA_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Impedance</td>
<td>I_{O} = 30 mAdc and 10 mArms, ( f = 1000 ) Hz</td>
<td>450</td>
<td></td>
<td>mΩ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Noise Voltage</td>
<td>10 Hz–100 kHz</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td>μV_{rms}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Term Stability</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td>mV/1000 Hr</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ripple Rejection</td>
<td>V_{ripple} = 1 \ V_{rms}, freq = 120 Hz</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>dB_{min}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse Polarity</td>
<td>R_{L} = 500Ω, V_{O} ≥ −0.3V</td>
<td>−15</td>
<td></td>
<td>V_{min}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC Input Voltage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse Polarity</td>
<td>R_{L} = 500Ω, T = 1 ms</td>
<td>−80</td>
<td>−50</td>
<td>V_{min}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transient Input Voltage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Leakage with</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse Polarity Input</td>
<td>V_{IN} = −15V, R_{L} = 500Ω</td>
<td>−0.1</td>
<td>−600</td>
<td>μA_{max}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Line Transient</td>
<td>R_{L} = 500Ω, V_{O} ≤ 5.5V, T = 40 ms</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
<td>V_{min}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. DC and AC electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device beyond its specified operating ratings.

**Note 2:** Human body model, 100 pF discharge through a 1.5 kΩ resistor.

**Note 3:** The maximum power dissipation is a function of T_{j,max}, \( \theta_{JA} \), and T_{A}. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is \( P_{D} = \frac{(T_{j,max} - T_{A})\theta_{JA}}{\theta_{JA}} \). If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above 150˚C and the LM2936 will go into thermal shutdown.

**Note 4:** Typicals are at 25˚C (unless otherwise specified) and represent the most likely parametric norm.

**Note 5:** Tested limits are guaranteed to National's AOQL (Average Outgoing Quality Level) and 100% tested.

**Note 6:** To ensure constant junction temperature, pulse testing is used.
Typical Performance Characteristics

**Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-92)**

- Power Dissipation (W)
  
  ![Power Dissipation Graph](DS009759-7)
  
  AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

**Dropout Voltage**

- Input-Output Differential (V)
  
  ![Dropout Voltage Graph](DS009759-8)
  
  JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

**Dropout Voltage**

- Input-Output Differential (V)
  
  ![Dropout Voltage Graph](DS009759-9)
  
  JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

**Quiescent Current**

- Quiescent Current (μA)
  
  ![Quiescent Current Graph](DS009759-10)
  
  INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

**Quiescent Current**

- Quiescent Current (μA)
  
  ![Quiescent Current Graph](DS009759-11)
  
  JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

**Quiescent Current**

- Quiescent Current (μA)
  
  ![Quiescent Current Graph](DS009759-12)
  
  OUTPUT CURRENT (mA)

**Output Capacitor ESR**

- Equivalent Series Resistance (Ω)
  
  ![Output Capacitor ESR Graph](DS009759-15)
  
  OUTPUT CURRENT (mA)

**Peak Output Current**

- Peak Output Current (mA)
  
  ![Peak Output Current Graph](DS009759-16)
  
  INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

**Peak Output Current**

- Peak Output Current (mA)
  
  ![Peak Output Current Graph](DS009759-17)
  
  JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

**Current Limit**

- Output Voltage (V)
  
  ![Current Limit Graph](DS009759-18)
  
  OUTPUT CURRENT (mA)
Applications Information

Unlike other PNP low dropout regulators, the LM2936 remains fully operational to 40V. Owing to power dissipation characteristics of the available packages, full output current cannot be guaranteed for all combinations of ambient temperature and input voltage. As an example, consider an LM2936Z operating at 25˚C ambient. Using the formula for maximum allowable power dissipation given in (Note 3), we find that $P_{D_{\text{max}}}$ = 641 mW at 25˚C. Including the small contribution of the quiescent current to total power dissipation, the maximum input voltage (while still delivering 50 mA output current) is 17.3V. The LM2936Z will go into thermal shutdown if it attempts to deliver full output current with an input voltage of more than 17.3V. Similarly, at 40V input and 25˚C ambient the LM2936Z can deliver 18 mA maximum.

Under conditions of higher ambient temperatures, the voltage and current calculated in the previous examples will drop. For instance, at the maximum ambient of 125˚C the LM2936Z can only dissipate 128 mW, limiting the input voltage to 7.34V for a 50 mA load, or 3.5 mA output current for a 40V input.

The junction to ambient thermal resistance $\theta_{JA}$ rating has two distinct components: the junction to case thermal resistance rating $\theta_{JC}$; and the case to ambient thermal resistance rating $\theta_{CA}$. The relationship is defined as: $\theta_{JA} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}$.

For the SO-8 and TO-252 surface mount packages the $\theta_{JA}$ rating can be improved by using the copper mounting pads on the printed circuit board as a thermal conductive path to extract heat from the package.

On the SO-8 package the four ground pins are thermally connected to the backside of the die. Adding approximately 0.04 square inches of 2 oz. copper pad area to these four pins will improve the $\theta_{JA}$ rating to approximately 110˚C/W. If this extra pad area is placed directly beneath the package there should not be any impact on board density.

On the TO-252 package the ground tab is thermally connected to the backside of the die. Adding 1 square inch of 2 oz. copper pad area directly under the ground tab will improve the $\theta_{JA}$ rating to approximately 50˚C/W.

While the LM2936 has an internally set thermal shutdown point of typically 150˚C, this is intended as a safety feature only. Continuous operation near the thermal shutdown temperature should be avoided as it may have a negative affect on the life of the device.

While the LM2936 maintains regulation to 60V, it will not withstand a short circuit above 40V because of safe operating area limitations in the internal PNP pass device. Above 60V the LM2936 will break down with catastrophic effects on the regulator and possibly the load as well. Do not use this device in a design where the input operating voltage may exceed 40V, or where transients are likely to exceed 60V.
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

8-Lead Small Outline Molded Package (M)
NS Package Number M08A

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
TO-252 Package (DT)
NS Package Number TD03B

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Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

3-Lead TO-92 Plastic Package (Z)
NS Package Number Z03A

LM2936-5.0

LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION
GAGE PLANE

SOT-223 Package (MP)
NS Package Number MA04A

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